

Radius

- [Radius \(Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service\)](#)
- [Radius architecture](#)
- [Radius Example](#)

Radius (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service)

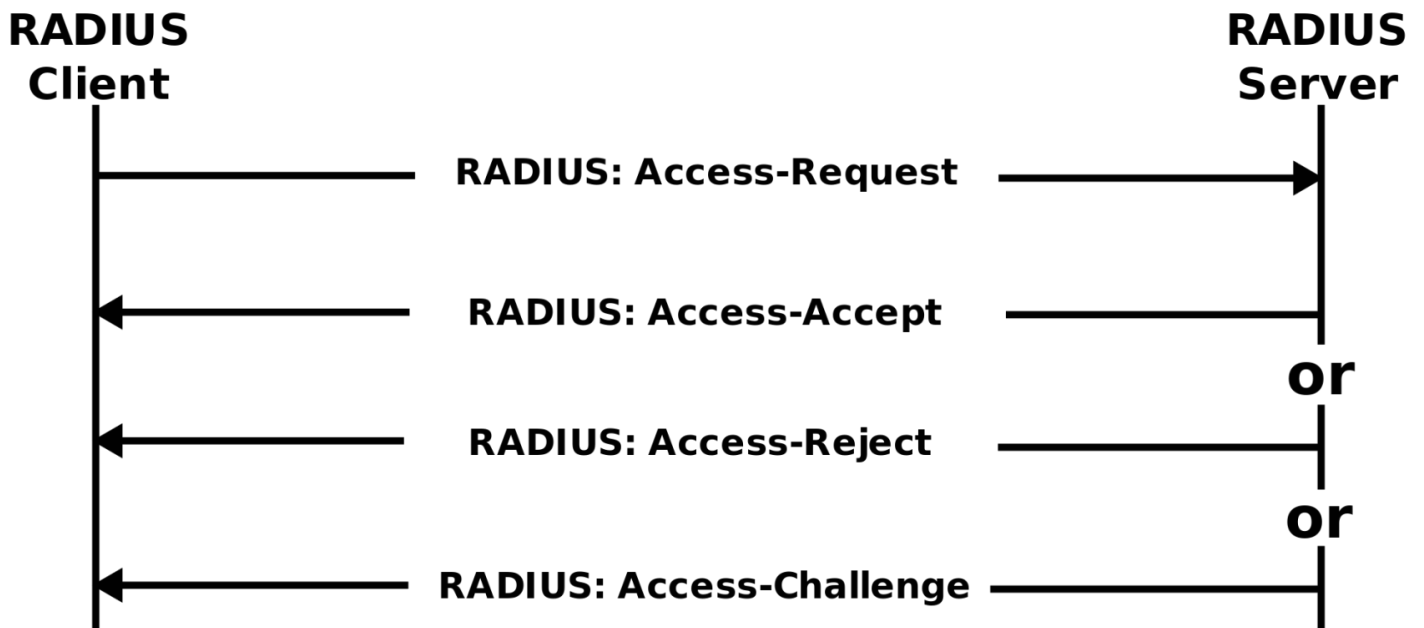
Introduction

“ The Radius protocol (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) is a networking protocol that authorizes and authenticates users who access a remote network.

<https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/RADIUS>

Radius architecture

Introduction



Access Reject: The user is unconditionally denied access to all requested network resources. Reasons may include failure to provide proof of identification or an unknown or inactive user account.

Access Challenge: Requests additional information from the user such as a secondary password, PIN, token, or card. Access Challenge is also used in more complex authentication dialogs where a secure tunnel is established between the user machine and the Radius Server in a way that the access credentials are hidden from the NAS.

Access Accept: The user is granted access. Once the user is authenticated, the RADIUS server will often check that the user is authorized to use the network service requested. A given user may be allowed to use a company's wireless network, but not its VPN service, for example. Again, this information may be stored locally on the RADIUS server, or may be looked up in an external source such as LDAP or Active Directory.

Radius Example

Service Provider

Identification

Type :

Radius client

publicID :

radius-server

Name :

Radius Server

Radius configuration

Source IPs :

127.0.01,192.168.133.0/24

Radius secret :

.....

Login rules

UID Script :

Script to compute the user name to pass to the target application

Roles required to login :

Roles required to login

System where an enabled account is required :

Undo

Apply changes