

Shell Connector

- Shell Connector
- Invoker interface

Shell Connector

Introduction

Description

Linux Connector could manage a lot of services running on Linux systems (either 32 or 64 bits).

Managed System

This connector has implemented several ways to communicate with services on Linux, below, the list of those services:

- Shell
- SSH
- Cisco ASA
- Exchange
- Power Shell

If your system is not in the previous list, it's possible to include it easily!

For more information to check if your system may be synchronized with this connector you do not hesitate to contact us through our [Contact form](#)

Prerequisites

A Soffid Synchronization Server must be installed on the managed Linux system.

Download and Install

This addon is located in the Connectors section and its name is **Shell Connector**.

For more information about the installation process you can visit the [Addons Getting started](#) page.

Agent Configuration

Basic

Generic parameters

After the installation of the addon, you may create and configure agent instances.

To configure this Shell Connector you could select one agent, from the next list of available agents, in the attribute "Type" of the generic parameters section in the agents' page configuration.

- Shell Agent
- SSH Agent
- Cisco ASA Agent
- Exchange Agent
- Power Shell Agent

For more information about how you may configure the generic parameters of the agent, see the following link: [Agents configuration](#)

Custom parameters

Below, there are the specific parameters for each agent implementation.

Shell Agent

Parameter	Description
Shell	Shell to assign to new users
Persistent	Two options [Yes , No].
Prompt	
Password hash algorithm	For instance SHA1, SHA-256
Password hash prefix	For instance SHA
Enable debug	Two options: [Yes / No]. When it is enabled more log traces are printed in the Synchronization Server log

SSH Agent

Parameter	Description
User name	User Linux for the SSH connection
SSH Key file (optional)	
SSH Key (optional)	
Password	The password of the user Linux
Server	Host or IP of the server for the SSH connection
Password hash algorithm	For instance SHA1, SHA-256
Password hash prefix	For instance SHA
Charset	For instance: UTF-8
Enable debug	Two options: [Yes / No]. When it is enabled more log traces are printed in the Synchronization Server log

Cisco ASA Agent

Parameter	Description
User name	User Linux
Key file (optional)	
Password	The password of the user Linux
Privileged password	
Server	Host or IP of the server
Charset	For instance: UTF-8
Enable debug	Two options: [Yes / No]. When it is enabled more log traces are printed in the Synchronization Server log

Exchange Agent

Parameter	Description
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User name	Exchange user (with administrator permissions)
Password	The password of the exchange user
Exchange server PS script (RemoteExchange.ps1 / exshell.psc1)	For instance "E:\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\Bin\exshell.psc1"
Enable debug	Two options: [Yes / No]. When it is enabled more log traces are printed in the Synchronization Server log
Exchange version	Options: [2007 2010+]

Power Shell Agent

Parameter	Description
Startup script	
Password hash algorithm	For instance SHA1, SHA-256
Password hash prefix	For instance SHA
Enable debug	Two options: [Yes / No]. When it is enabled more log traces are printed in the Synchronization Server log

Attribute mapping

This connector could manage Users, Groups and Roles.

Users

- Any user or account will be created at /etc/passwd file.
- Home directories will be created using default Linux configuration properties.
- If stated, samba users will be mapped for each managed Linux user.
- Soffid passwords expiration date will be managed by Soffid. So, Linux won't be notified about when those passwords need to be expired.

Groups

- Groups will be created and removed as Linux groups.

Roles

- Roles bound to this system will be created as Linux groups.
- Any removed role will trigger the bound Linux group to be removed.

Properties

You can map user, groups and role objects. These are some of the properties to be mapped in those objects:

Property	Description
check	fgrep \$user /etc/passwd
delete	userdel \$user
insert	useradd \$user
selectAll	cat /etc/passwd
selectAllParse	([^\:]*):[^\n]*
selectByAccountName	fgrep \$user /etc/passwd
selectByAccountNameParse	([^\:]*):[^\n]*
update	usermod \$user
updatePassword	-
validatePassword	-

For the "Cisco ASA Agent" has these attributes:

Property	Description
check	show run user \$user
checkAttributes	user level
checkParse	username ([^]+) password.*privilege (\d+)\r\n
delete	no username \$user
insert	username \$user password \$password encrypted privilege \$level
selectAll	show run user
selectAllAttributes	user level
selectAllParse	username ([^]+) password.*privilege (\d+)\r\n
selectByAccountName	show run user
selectByAccountNameParse	username ([^]+) password.*privilege (\d+)\r\n
selectByAccountNameAttributes	user level
update	username \$user password \$password encrypted privilege \$level
updatePassword	username \$user password \$password encrypted privilege \$level

The "Exchange Agent" has these attributes:

Property	Description
check	fgrep \$user /etc/passwd
delete	userdel \$user
insert	New-Mailbox -UserPrincipalName "\${UserPrincipalName}" -Name "Shell plugin" -Alias "\${Alias}" -Room
selectAll	Get-Mailbox
selectByAccountName	Get-Mailbox "Shell plugin"
update	usermod \$user
updatePassword	-
validatePassword	-

Attributes

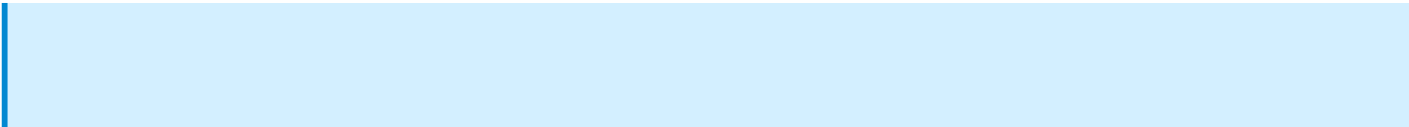
You can customize attribute mappings, you only need to select system objects and the Soffid objects related, manage their attributes, and make either inbound and outbound attribute mappings.

You can map user, groups and role objects. These are some of the attributes to be mapped in those objects:

System attribute	Description
user	accountName
this{"1"}	accountName

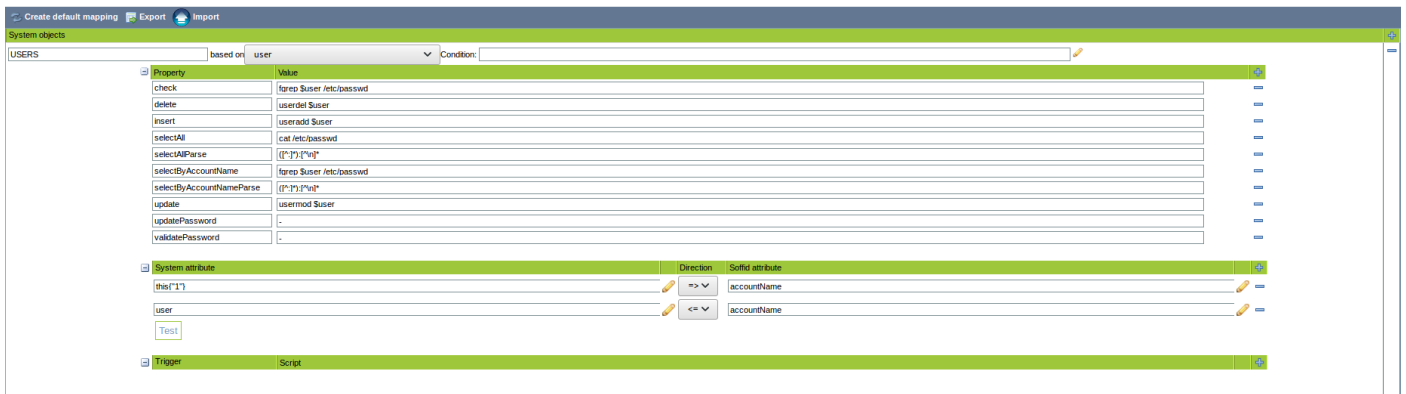
The "Cisco ASA Agent" has these attributes:

System attribute	Description
level	attributes{"level"}
user	accountName
password	password



For more information about how you may configure attribute mapping, see the following link: [Soffid Attribute Mapping Reference](#)

For instance:



Triggers

You can define BeanShell scripts that will be triggered when data is loaded into the target system (outgoing triggers). The trigger result will be a boolean value, true to continue or false to stop.

Triggers can be used to validate or perform a specific action just before performing an operation or just after performing an operation on target objects.

"Cisco ASA Agent" has not implemented this feature.

To view some examples, visit the [Outgoing triggers examples page](#).

Load triggers

You can define BeanShell scripts that will be triggered when data is loaded into Soffid (incoming triggers). The trigger result will be a boolean value, true to continue or false to stop.

Triggers can be used to validate or perform a specific action just before performing an operation or just after performing an operation into Soffid objects.

To view some examples, visit the [Incoming triggers examples page](#).

Account metadata

Agents allow you to create additional data, on the "Account metadata" tab, to customize the accounts created for that agent. This additional information will be loaded with the agent's

information, or calculated as defined in the mappings.
The additional data can be used in both mappings and triggers.

The attributes which you define here will be shown when you click on the proper account, on the Accounts Tabs at user page.

Operational

Monitoring

After the agent configuration you could check in the monitoring page if the service is running in the Synchronization Server, please go to:

Start Menu > Administration > Monitoring and reporting > Syscserver monitoring

Tasks

Authoritative

If you are checked "Authorized identity source", an automatic task to load identities from the managed system to Soffid is available, please go to:

Start Menu > Administration > Monitoring and reporting > Scheduled tasks

And you will something like "Import authoritative data from <AGENT_NAME>".

Reconcile

If you are configured the "Attribute Mapping" tab with some of our objects: "user, account, role, group or grant", an automatic task to synchronize these objects from the managed system to Soffid is available, please go to:

Start Menu > Administration > Monitoring and reporting > Scheduled tasks

And you will do something like "Reconcile all accounts from <AGENT_NAME>".

Synchronization

Regarding the synchronization of the objects, there are two possible options:

- If you are checked the generic attribute "Read Only" in the "Basics" tab, only the changes in the managed systems will be updated in Soffid. We recommend these options until the global configuration of Soffid will be tested.
- If you are not checked the generic attribute "Read Only" in the "Basics" tab, all the changes in Soffid or the managed system will be updated in the other. Note that this synchronization must be configured in the "Attribute mapping" tab correctly.

For more information about how you may configure the generic parameters of the agent, see the following link: [Agents configuration](#)

Invoker interface

Any agent, trigger or mapping can use the invoker method for the ActiveDirectory agent. The invoker method is available in the dispatcherService class as well as the in the serverService.

The invoker method is not specific of the Shell agent. Many other connectors support this method. The expected arguments are:

- Action
- Object name
- Parameters

Here you have an example of a post-update trigger to create the home server for a user:

```
map = new HashMap();
map.put("user", source{"accountName"});
// Create folder
dispatcherService.invoke("invoke", "mkdir /home/${user}", map);
dispatcherService.invoke("invoke", "mkdir /home/${user}/Desktop", map);
```

There is a chance to execute operation across agents. For instance, if the system has an ActiveDirectory agent and an Exchange agent, here is a post-insert trigger to place in the post-insert trigger of the ActiveDirectory agent to execute a command in the Exchange one.

```
map = new HashMap();
map.put("user", source{"accountName"});
// Create folder
serverService.invoke("Exchange", "invoke", "EnableMailbox ${user}", map);
```

The list of allowed commands are:

Command	Object name	Parameters	Comments
invoke	Sentence to execute	Sentence parameters	Executes the command and return the results